

Highest certificate, diploma or degree (11)

Total - Employment income statistics 7	Total - Highest certificate, diploma or degree 2	No certificate, diploma or degree	Secondary (high) school diploma or equivalency certificate 3	Apprenticeship or trades certificate or diploma	Trades certificate or diploma other than Certificate of Apprenticeship or Certificate of Qualification 4	Certificate of Apprenticeship or Certificate of Qualification 5	College, CEGEP or other non-university certificate or diploma	University certificate or diploma below bachelor level	University certificate, diploma or degree at bachelor level or above	Bachelor's degree	University certificate, diploma or degree above bachelor level 6
Total - Employment income statistics 7	38,305	7,535	12,045	3,315	1,515	1,795	7,560	850	7,005	4,980	2,025
With employment income	29,105	3,875	9,735	2,670	1,160	1,505	6,200	630	5,990	4,295	1,695
Median employment income (\$)	34,919	21,680	28,170	42,908	36,616	49,763	40,366	43,202	50,773	49,156	58,643
Average employment income (\$)	42,558	27,543	33,835	49,394	40,704	56,091	45,398	48,821	59,797	53,515	75,712
With wages, salaries and commissions	27,745	3,665	9,380	2,470	1,080	1,390	5,885	620	5,725	4,160	1,560
Median wages, salaries and commissions (\$)	35,358	22,205	28,238	44,811	37,162	52,364	41,343	42,139	50,399	49,198	55,882
Average wages, salaries and commissions (\$)	42,288	27,953	33,668	50,476	40,899	57,900	45,809	48,740	57,740	53,262	69,667

Footnote 1

Refers to the number of weeks in which a person aged 15 years and over worked for pay or in self-employment in 2015 at all jobs held, even if only for a few hours, and whether these weeks were mostly full time (30 hours or more per week) or mostly part time (less than 30 hours per week). Full year is 49 weeks or over. Part year is less than 49 weeks.

Footnote 2

Users are advised to consult data quality comments for 'Highest certificate, diploma or degree,' available in the Education Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016, Catalogue no. 98-500-X2016013.

Footnote 3

'Secondary (high) school diploma or equivalency certificate' includes only people who have this as their highest educational qualification. It excludes persons with a postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree.

Footnote 4

'Trades certificate or diploma other than Certificate of Apprenticeship or Certificate of Qualification' includes trades certificates or diplomas such as pre-employment or vocational certificates and diplomas from brief trade programs completed at community colleges, institutes of technology, vocational centres and similar institutions.

Footnote 5

'Certificate of Apprenticeship or Certificate of Qualification' also includes Journeyperson's designations.

Footnote 6

'University certificate, diploma or degree above bachelor level' includes the categories 'University certificate or diploma above bachelor level,' 'Degree in medicine, dentistry, veterinary medicine or optometry,' 'Master's degree' and 'Earned doctorate.'

Footnote 7

Employment income - All income received as wages, salaries and commissions from paid employment and net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice during the reference period.

Wages, salaries and commissions - Gross wages and salaries before deductions for such items as income taxes, pension plan contributions and employment insurance premiums during the reference period. While other employee remuneration such as security options benefits, board and lodging and other taxable allowances and benefits are included in this source, employers' contributions to pension plans and employment insurance plans are excluded. Other receipts included in this source are military pay and allowances, tips, commissions and cash bonuses associated with paid employment, benefits from wage-loss replacement plans or income-maintenance insurance plans, supplementary unemployment benefits from an employer or union, research grants, royalties from a work or invention with no associated expenses and all types of casual earnings during the reference period.

For the 2016 Census, the reference period is the calendar year 2015 for all income variables.

The median income of a specified group is the amount that divides the income distribution of that group into two halves, i.e., the incomes of half of the units in that group are below the median, while those of the other half are above the median. Median incomes of individuals are calculated for those with income (positive or negative).

Average income of a specified group is calculated by dividing the aggregate income of that group by the number of units in that group. Average incomes of individuals are calculated for those with income (positive or negative).